## From Point Clouds to tessellated surfaces explicit methods

## Alpha Shapes [Ededsbumeres3]

## Convex Hull

$C H(S)=\mathbb{R}^{d} \backslash \bigcup E H(S)$
$E H(S)$ : halfspace not containing any point in S


Alpha Hull

$$
\alpha H(S)=\mathbb{R}^{d} \backslash \bigcup E B_{\alpha}(S)
$$

$E B_{\alpha}(\mathrm{S})$ : ball with radius $\alpha$ not containing any point in S


## Computing Alpha Shapes

- Alpha Diagram: Voronoi Diagram restricted to space closest than $\alpha$ to one point in $S$
- Alpha Complex: Subset of Delaunay Triangulation computed as the dual of the alpha diagram


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Alpha Diagram


## Point Set



## Voronoi Diagram

## Point Set



Voronoi Diagram

Point Set


Delaunay Triangulation



Voronoi Diagram


Alpha Diagram


Delaunay Triangulation


Alpha triangulation


Voronoi Diagram


Alpha Diagram


Delaunay Triangulation


Alpha triangulation


## Delaunay triangulation

## Alpha Complex



- $\alpha=0$ then $\alpha$-shape is the point set
- $\alpha \rightarrow \infty \alpha$-shape tends to the convex hull
- A finite number of thresholds $\alpha_{0}<\alpha_{1}<\ldots<\alpha_{n}$ defines all possible shapes (at most $2 n^{2}-5 n$ )



## Sampling Conditions for Alpha Shapes

## Proposition

Given a smooth manifold $M$ and a sampling $S$, if it holds that

1. the intersection of any ball of radius $\alpha$ with $M$ is homeomorphic to a disk
2. Any ball of radius $\alpha$ centered in the manifold contains at least one point of $S$

Then the $\alpha$-shape of $S$ is homeomorphic to $M$


## Ball Pivoting [bernardini99]

- Motivations
- Alpha shapes computation is fairly cumbersome
- May produce non manifold surfaces
- Core idea: approximate the alpha shapes just «rolling» a ball of radius $\alpha$ on the sampling $S$
- Same sampling conditions as $\alpha$-shape holds



Low sampling density


Curvature grater than $\frac{1}{\alpha}$

## The algorithm

-Edge (si, sj)
-Opposite point so, center of empty ball c -Edge: "Active", "Boundary"


## Pivoting example



Initial seed triangle:
Empty ball of radius $\rho$ passes through the three points
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front


## Pivoting example



$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$<br>Ball pivoting around active edge<br>- Point on front

## Pivoting example



Ball pivoting around active edge
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front


## Pivoting example



Ball pivoting around active edge
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front


## Pivoting example



Ball pivoting around active edge
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front


## Pivoting example



$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$<br>Ball pivoting around active edge<br>- Point on front<br>- Internal point

## Pivoting example

Boundary edge
$\longrightarrow$


Ball pivoting around active edge No pivot found
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front
- Internal point


## Pivoting example

Boundary edge


$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$<br>Ball pivoting around active edge<br>- Point on front<br>- Internal point

## Pivoting example

Boundary edge


Ball pivoting around active edge
$\begin{aligned} & \text { No pivot found }\end{aligned}$
$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$

- Point on front
- Internal point


## Pivoting example

Boundary edge


$\xrightarrow{\text { Active edge }}$<br>Ball pivoting around active edge<br>- Point on front<br>- Internal point

## Not any point clouds: the Range Maps

- 3D scanners produce a numner of dense structured height fields, that is, a regular ( $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}$ ) grid of points with a distance Z value. These are called range maps
- Trivial to triangulate but: How to merge different range maps?



## Mesh Zippering [Turk94]

■Input: triangulated ranges maps (not just point clouds)
-Works in pairs:
$\square$ Remove overlapping portions
$\square$ Clip one RM against the other
$\square$ Remove small triangles

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## Mesh Zippering

-Not so trivial to implement...for example..
$\square$ remove overlapping regions: «a face of mesh A overlaps if its 3 vertices project on mesh B» -Hole may appear, to be fixed later...


## Mesh Zippering

- Not so trivial to implement...for example..


## remove

 overlapping regions: criterion?
## Mesh Zippering

- Not so trivial to implement...for example..
remove overlapping regions: criterion?

Preserve faces from left

Preserve faces from right

Halfway (distance from the border)

